

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Three months ended March 31, 2019

# Interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

# Three months ended March 31, 2019

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## Report on Review of Interim Financial Information

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of Rosneft Oil Company

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Rosneft Oil Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Company"), which comprise the interim consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2019, the interim consolidated statement of profit or loss, interim consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, interim consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity and interim consolidated statement of cash flows for the three-month period then ended and notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (interim financial information).

Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

D.E. Lobachev Partner Ernst & Young LLC

13 May 2019

#### Details of the entity

Name: Rosneft Oil Company

Record made in the State Register of Legal Entities on 12 August 2002, State Registration Number 1027700043502. Address: Russia 115035, Moscow, Sofiyskaya embankment, 26/1.

#### Details of the auditor

Name: Ernst & Young LLC

Record made in the State Register of Legal Entities on 5 December 2002, State Registration Number 1027739707203. Address: Russia 115035, Moscow, Sadovnicheskaya naberezhnaya, 77, building 1.

Ernst & Young LLC is a member of Self-regulated organization of auditors "Russian Union of auditors" (Association) ("SRO RUA"). Ernst & Young LLC is included in the control copy of the register of auditors and audit organizations, main registration number 11603050648.

## Interim consolidated balance sheet

(in billions of Russian rubles)

	Notes	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	302	832
Restricted cash	9	11	12
Other short-term financial assets	10	629	633
Accounts receivable	11	690	642
Inventories	12	402	393
Prepayments and other current assets	13	458	510
Total current assets		2,492	3,022
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	14	8,355	8,445
Right-of-use assets	3	130	_
Intangible assets		54	75
Other long-term financial assets	15	240	239
Investments in associates and joint ventures		850	735
Bank loans granted		241	239
Deferred tax assets		31	28
Goodwill		85	85
Other non-current non-financial assets	16	173	295
Total non-current assets		10,159	10,141
Total assets		12,651	13,163
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	17	1062	1.120
Loans and borrowings and other financial liabilities	17 18	1,063	1,130
Income tax liabilities	18	767	978
Other tax liabilities	19	25 393	23 327
Provisions	20	41	43
Prepayment on long-term oil and petroleum products supply agreements	21	353	354
Other current liabilities	21	19	19
Total current liabilities	-	2,661	2,874
	-	2,001	2,074
Non-current liabilities			
Loans and borrowings and other financial liabilities	18	3,077	3,413
Deferred tax liabilities	20	818	837
Provisions	20	246	244
Prepayment on long-term oil and petroleum products supply agreements	21	981	1,072
Other non-current liabilities		48	46
Total non-current liabilities	-	5,170	5,612
Equity Share capital		1	1
Additional paid-in capital		634	633
Other funds and reserves		(207)	(191)
Retained earnings		3,741	3,610
Rosneft shareholders' equity	-	4,169	4,053
Non-controlling interests		651	624
Total equity	-	4,820	4,677
Total liabilities and equity	=	12,651	13,163

Chief Executive Officer \_\_\_\_\_\_ I.I. Sechin May 3, 2019

# Interim consolidated statement of profit or loss

(in billions of Russian rubles, except earnings per share data, and share amounts)

	Notes	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Revenues and equity share in profits of associates and joint ventures			
Oil, gas, petroleum products and petrochemicals sales	4	2,031	1,689
Support services and other revenues		21	21
Equity share in profits of associates and joint ventures		25	12
Total revenues and equity share in profits of			
associates and joint ventures		2,077	1,722
Costs and expenses			
Production and operating expenses		165	158
Cost of purchased oil, gas, petroleum products and refining costs		313	232
General and administrative expenses		65	35
Pipeline tariffs and transportation costs		170	160
Exploration expenses		1	2
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		174	152
Taxes other than income tax	5	667	568
Export customs duty	6	181	215
Total costs and expenses		1,736	1,522
Operating income		341	200
Finance income		40	30
Finance expenses	7	(64)	(60)
Other income	8	3	6
Other expenses	8	(106)	(16)
Foreign exchange differences		15	1
Cash flow hedges reclassified to profit or loss	22	(36)	(36)
Income before income tax		193	125
Income tax expense	5	(37)	(30)
Net income		156	95
Net income attributable to:			
- Rosneft shareholders		131	81
- non-controlling interests		25	14
Net income attributable to Rosneft per common share			
(in RUB) – basic and diluted		12.36	7.64
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (millions)		10,598	10,598

# Interim consolidated statement of other comprehensive income

(in billions of Russian rubles)

_	Notes	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Net income		156	95
Other comprehensive (loss)/income – to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods Foreign exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(47)	4
Foreign exchange cash flow hedges Income from changes in fair value of debt	22	36	37
financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Equity share in other comprehensive loss of associates and joint		1	_
ventures		(1)	_
Income tax related to other comprehensive income – to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods		(7)	(7)
Total other comprehensive (loss)/income – to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods, net of tax		(18)	34
Other comprehensive income – not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods			
Income from changes in fair value of equity financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income  Income tax related to other comprehensive income – not to be		2	2
reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods			
Total comprehensive income – not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods, net of tax		2	2
Total comprehensive income, net of tax		140	131
Total comprehensive income, net of tax, attributable to:			
- Rosneft shareholders - non-controlling interests		115 25	117 14

# Interim consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity

(in billions of Russian rubles, except share amounts)

	Number of shares (millions)	Share capital	Additional paid-in capital	Other funds and reserves	Retained earnings	Rosneft share- holders' equity	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2018	10,598	1	627	(322)	3,286	3,592	563	4,155
Net income Other comprehensive	_	_	_	_	81	81	14	95
income		_	_	36	_	36	_	36
Total comprehensive income	_	_	_	36	81	117	14	131
Balance at March 31, 2018 (unaudited)	10,598	1	627	(286)	3,367	3,709	577	4,286
Balance at January 1, 2019	10,598	1	633	(191)	3,610	4,053	624	4,677
Net income	_	_	_	_	131	131	25	156
Other comprehensive loss		_	_	(16)	_	(16)	_	(16)
Total comprehensive income		_	_	(16)	131	115	25	140
Dividends declared Change of interests in	_	_	_	_	_	-	(7)	<b>(7</b> )
subsidiaries	_	_	1	_	_	1	3	4
Other movements		_	_	_	_	_	6	6
Balance at March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	10,598	1	634	(207)	3,741	4,169	651	4,820

## Interim consolidated statement of cash flows

(in billions of Russian rubles)

	Notes	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Operating activities Net income		156	95
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by			
operating activities			
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		174	152
Loss on disposal of non-current assets	8	2	2
Offset of prepayments received on oil and petroleum products			
long term supply agreements	21	(92)	(52)
Offset of prepayments made on oil and petroleum products long			
term supply agreements		39	45
Foreign exchange gain on non-operating activities		(35)	(6)
Cash flow hedges reclassified to profit or loss		36	36
Offset of other financial liabilities		(41)	(34)
Equity share in profits of associates and joint ventures		(25)	(12)
Changes in provisions for financial assets		25	1
Loss from changes in estimates and impairment of assets	7	91 64	2
Finance expenses Finance income	/	(40)	60 (30)
Income tax expense	5	37	30
meonic tax expense	3	31	30
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable, gross		(67)	43
Increase in inventories		(8)	(8)
Decrease in restricted cash		1	2
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments and other current assets		4	(3)
Increase in long-term prepayments made on oil and petroleum			
products supply agreements		(15)	_
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(49)	(42)
Increase in other tax liabilities		66	13
Increase in other current liabilities		_	1
Decrease in other non-current liabilities		_	(2)
Interest paid on long-term prepayment received on oil and		(2)	(2)
petroleum products supply agreements		(2)	(2)
Net increase in operating assets of subsidiary banks		(4)	(10)
Net (decrease)/increase in operating liabilities of subsidiary banks  Net cash provided by operating activities before income tax		(28)	33
and interest		289	314
Income tax payments		(56)	(61)
Interest received		15	18
Net cash provided by operating activities		248	271

# Interim consolidated statement of cash flows (continued)

(in billions of Russian rubles)

	Notes	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Investing activities		, , ,	
Capital expenditures		(214)	(223)
Acquisition of licenses and auction fee payments		(2)	(1)
Acquisition of short-term financial assets		(44)	(14)
Proceeds from sale of short-term financial assets		35	16
Acquisition of long-term financial assets		_	(2)
Proceeds from sale of long-term financial assets		1	2
Financing of joint ventures		(5)	_
Acquisition of interest in subsidiaries, net of cash acquired		(1)	_
Proceeds from sale of subsidiaries, net of cash disposed		5	_
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		1	1
Net cash used in investing activities		(224)	(221)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from short-term loans and borrowings		99	119
Repayment of short-term loans and borrowings		(541)	(845)
Proceeds from long-term loans and borrowings		181	842
Repayment of long-term loans and borrowings		(197)	(99)
Proceeds from other financial liabilities		39	4
Repayment of other financial liabilities		(38)	(22)
Interest paid		(72)	(61)
Other financing		6	
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders		<b>(7</b> )	(5)
Net cash used in financing activities		(530)	(67)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(506)	(17)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	9	832	322
Effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents	-	(24)	(1)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	9	302	304

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

March 31, 2019

(all amounts in tables are in billions of Russian rubles, except as noted otherwise)

#### 1. General

Public Joint Stock Company ("PJSC") Rosneft Oil Company ("Rosneft") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") are principally engaged in exploration, development, production and sale of crude oil and gas and refining, transportation and sale of petroleum products in the Russian Federation and in certain international markets.

## 2. Basis of preparation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for 2018 prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual IFRS financial statements. The Company omitted disclosures which would substantially duplicate the information contained in its 2018 audited consolidated financial statements, such as accounting policies and details of accounts which have not changed significantly in amount or composition. Additionally, the Company has provided disclosures where significant events have occurred subsequently to the issuance of its 2018 audited consolidated financial statements. Management believes that the disclosures in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are adequate to ensure that the presented information is not misleading if these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are read in conjunction with the Company's 2018 audited consolidated financial statements and the notes related thereto. In the opinion of management, the financial statements reflect all adjustments necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position, results of operations, statements of changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the interim reporting periods.

The Company maintains its books and records and prepares financial statements in accordance with accounting and taxation principles and practices mandated by legislation of the relevant jurisdictions. The accompanying IFRS interim condensed consolidated financial statements were derived from the Company's statutory books and records.

The Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in billions of Russian rubles ("RUB"), unless otherwise indicated.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2019 were approved and authorized for issue by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company on May 13, 2019.

# Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 3. Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the new standards and interpretations as well as amendments to existing standards effective as of January 1, 2019.

The following standards were applied for the first time in 2019:

• *IFRS 16 Leases*. The new standard, issued in 2016, replaces the previous leases standard, IAS 17 *Leases*, and the related interpretations; IFRS 16 eliminates the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases thus establishing a single lessee accounting model.

The Company elected modified retrospective approach which presumes recognition of cumulative effect of initial application at the date of the initial application i.e. January 1, 2019.

At the date of initial application the Company used the transition practical expedient allowing the standard to be applied only to contracts that were previously identified as finance or operating leases applying IAS 17 and IFRIC 4. The Company also elected to use the recognition exemptions for lease contracts that have a lease term of 12 months or less (including all economically reasonable prolongation options) and do not contain a purchase option, and lease contracts for which the underlying asset is of low value (below RUR 300 thousand).

One-off increase in non-current assets and financial liabilities due to recognition of operating leases on the balance sheet totaled RUB 103 billion as of January 1, 2019.

This amount can be reconciled to the undiscounted future minimum lease payments under the operating lease agreements disclosed in IFRS consolidated financial statements of the Company as of December 31, 2018 as follows:

Future minimum lease payments under operating lease agreements	
as of December 31, 2018	312
Effect of discounting using incremental borrowing rate as of the date of initial application	(178)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	134
Decreased by the present value of the following: payments for the rent of land related to exploration and evaluation and for rent of wells payments upon contracts with a lease term of 12 months or less (including all	(16)
economically reasonable prolongation options)	(12)
payments for leases of low-value items	(3)
Total	103

Previously recognized liabilities for finance leases in the amount of RUB 27 billion were included into Lease liabilities, thus total Lease liabilities as of January 1, 2019 amounted to RUB 130 billion. Previously recognized finance lease assets in the amount of RUB 23 billion as of January 1, 2019 were reclassified to Right-of-use assets from Property, plant and equipment. In addition, Right-of-use assets as of January 1, 2019 were also adjusted for RUB 17 billion represented by the rights for land lease previously recognized within Intangible assets as a result of business combinations. Thus, the amount of Right-of-use assets as of January 1, 2019 amounted to RUB 143 billion.

• IFRIC 23 Interpretation entitled Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments. The IFRIC clarifies that for the purposes of calculating current and deferred tax, companies should use a tax treatment of uncertainties, which will probably be accepted by the tax authorities. The interpretation did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

# Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## **3.** Changes in accounting policies (continued)

- Amendments to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments named Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation. The amendments relate to financial assets with an option of early prepayment, the conditions of which allow early prepayment in a variable amount, which in turn may exceed as well as may be lower than remaining outstanding cash flows. The amendments allow to measure such prepaid financial assets with so-called negative compensation at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income if a specified condition is met instead of at fair value through profit or loss. The amendments did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements due to the absence of such instruments.
- Amendments to IAS 19 Employee Benefits named Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement. The amendments specify how companies determine pension expenses when changes to a defined benefit pension plan occur. The amendments did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

#### 4. Segment information

The Company determines its operating segments based on the nature of their operations. The performance of these operating segments is assessed by management on a regular basis. The Exploration and production segment is engaged in field exploration and the production of crude oil and natural gas. The Refining and distribution segment is engaged in processing crude oil and other hydrocarbons into petroleum products, as well as in the purchase, sale and transportation of crude oil and petroleum products. Corporate and other unallocated activities are not part of any operating segment and include corporate activity, activities involved in field development, the maintenance of infrastructure and the functioning of the first two segments, as well as banking and finance services, and other activities. Substantially all of the Company's operations and assets are located in the Russian Federation.

Segment performance is evaluated based on both revenues and operating income, which are measured on the same basis as in the consolidated financial statements, but with intersegment transactions revalued at market prices.

# Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 4. Segment information (continued)

The performance of the operating segments for the three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited) is shown below:

	Exploration and production	Refining and distribution	Corporate and other unallocated activities	Adjustments	Consolidated
Total revenues and equity share in profits of associates and				•	
joint ventures	1,223	2,064	36	(1,246)	2,077
Including: equity share in profits of	•	,		, ,	ŕ
associates and joint ventures	23	-	2	-	25
Costs and expenses					
Costs and expenses other than depreciation, depletion and					
amortization	725	2,015	68	(1,246)	1,562
Depreciation, depletion and			_		
amortization	142	30	2	(1.010)	174
Total costs and expenses	867	2,045	70	(1,246)	1,736
Operating income	356	19	(34)		341
Finance income	_	_	40	_	40
Finance expenses		_	(64)	_	(64)
<b>Total finance expenses</b>			(24)		(24)
Other income	_	_	3	_	3
Other expenses (Note 8)	_	_	(106)*	_	(106)*
Foreign exchange differences	_	_	15	_	15
Cash flow hedges reclassified to profit or loss			(36)		(36)
Income before income tax	356		(182)	<del>_</del>	193
meome before meome tax	330	1)	(102)	_	193
Income tax expense	(67)	(4)	34		(37)
Net income	289	15	(148)		156

<sup>\*</sup> Includes the impairment of assets in Refining and distribution segment (Note 8).

# Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 4. Segment information (continued)

The performance of the operating segments for the three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited) is shown below:

Total revenues and equity share in profits of associates and joint ventures  12	
profits of associates and joint ventures 943 1,735 29 (985) 1,775 Including: equity share in profits of	lated
	22
	12
Costs and expenses Costs and expenses other than depreciation, depletion and	
amortization 593 1,720 42 (985) 1,3° Depreciation, depletion and	70
	52
<b>Total costs and expenses</b> 712 1,751 44 (985) 1,55	22
Operating income         231         (16)         (15)         -         20	00
	30
	60)
Total finance expenses (30) (3	30)
Other income – – 6 –	6
<b>1</b>	16)
Foreign exchange differences – – 1 – 1 – Cash flow hedges reclassified to	1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	36)
	25
Income tax expense (44) 3 11 – (:	30)
Net income 187 (13) (79) –	95

Oil, gas, petroleum products and petrochemicals sales comprise the following (based on the country indicated in the bill of lading):

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
International sales of crude oil, petroleum products and petrochemicals International sales of crude oil and petroleum products – CIS, other than	1,455	1,201
Russia	89	71
Domestic sales of crude oil, petroleum products and petrochemicals	418	358
Sales of gas	69	59
Total oil, gas, petroleum products and petrochemicals sales	2,031	1,689

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

#### 5. Income tax and other taxes

Income tax expenses comprise the following:

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Current income tax expense Deferred tax benefit due to the origination and reversal of	53	37
temporary differences	(16)	(7)
Total income tax expense	37	30

In addition to income tax, the Company accrued other taxes as follows:

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Mineral extraction tax	548	455
Excise tax	73	84
Property tax	10	11
Social charges	18	17
Additional income tax for hydrocarbon producers	16	_
Other	2	1
Total taxes other than income tax	667	568

In accordance with the Federal Law No. 199-FZ *On amending parts one and two of the Tax Code of the Russian Federation* enacted on July 19, 2018 the tax on additional income (hereinafter AIT) from production of hydrocarbons was introduced for a number of oil fields starting from January 1, 2019. AIT tax rate is 50% charged on the income from the hydrocarbons sales calculated as the difference between the estimated sales revenues and certain costs associated with the production, preparation and transportation of hydrocarbons. At the same time MET for these oil fields is charged at a reduced rate. Several Company's oil fields have implemented the new tax regime starting from January 1, 2019.

## 6. Export customs duty

Export customs duty comprises the following:

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Export customs duty on oil sales	131	158
Export customs duty on petroleum products and petrochemicals sales	50	57
Total export customs duty	181	215

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

#### 7. Finance expenses

Finance expenses comprise the following:

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Interest expenses on		
Loans and borrowings	(31)	(32)
Interest on the lease liability	(1)	_
Prepayment on long-term oil and petroleum products supply agreements		
(Note 21)	(21)	(20)
Other interest expenses	(4)	(2)
Total interest expenses	(57)	(54)
Increase in provision due to the unwinding of a discount	(5)	(5)
Increase in loss allowance for expected credit losses on debt financial assets		
at amortized cost	(1)	_
Other finance expenses	(1)	(1)
Total finance expenses	(64)	(60)

#### 8. Other income and expenses

Other income and expenses comprise the following:

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Compensation payment for licenses from joint venture parties	_	1
Insurance indemnity	2	3
Other	1	2
Total other income	3	6
Sale and disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(2)	(2)
Impairment of assets	(90)	_
Provision for legal claims	_	(4)
Social payments, charity, financial aid	(6)	(3)
Other	(8)	(7)
Total other expenses	(106)	(16)

In March 2019, the agreement between oil companies and the Government of the Russian Federation concerning stabilization of retail prices for petrol and diesel fuel on domestic market was prolonged. Furthermore, compensation mechanism introduced in the excise computation does not fully compensate for the regulatory decline in prices in relation to the export alternative. The Company considered this event as an impairment indicatior for the Refining and Distribution segment, which entailed estimation of the recoverable amount of the distribution assets of this segment performed by the Company.

As a result of this estimation, the excess of the carrying value of the distribution assets above their value in use amounted to RUB 80 billion, of which RUB 73 billion relates to Property, plant and equipment and RUB 7 billion – to Right-of-use assets. The impairment loss was recognized within Other expenses in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company will continue to monitor changes in facts and circumstances, which may require this estimate to be revised in the future.

# Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

#### 8. Other income and expenses (continued)

#### Key assumptions applied to the calculation of value in use

Discounted cash flows are most sensitive to changes in the following factors:

#### • Petroleum products gross distribution margin

The following average gross distribution margin for petroleum products was used in performed impairment test: RUB 2.3 thousand per ton in 2019, and RUB 2.9 thousand per ton in 2020 and onwards.

#### • Sales volumes

Forecasted sales volumes were set for the purposes of impairment testing based on the business plan parameters.

#### • The discount rate

The discount rate calculation is based on the Company's weighted average cost of capital adjusted to reflect the pre-tax discount rate and the discount rate was 9.1% p.a.

Provided all the other key assumptions stay constant, further decline of the gross distribution margin will result in additional impairment.

#### 9. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	March 31, 2019 (unaudited) December 31, 201		
Cash on hand and in bank accounts in RUB	33	30	
Cash on hand and in bank accounts in foreign currencies	151	572	
Deposits	108	221	
Other	10	9	
Total cash and cash equivalents	302	832	

Cash accounts denominated in foreign currencies primarily comprise cash in U.S. dollars and euro.

Deposits are interest bearing and denominated mainly in RUB and U.S. dollars.

Restricted cash includes the obligatory reserve of subsidiary banks with the CBR in the amount of RUB 6 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

#### 10. Other short-term financial assets

Other short-term financial assets comprise the following:

outer ones commissions assess companie the remaining	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Bonds	137	162
Promissory notes	142	151
Stocks and shares	43	42
Loans granted under reverse repurchase agreements	63	56
Financial assets at amortized cost		
Bonds	1	1
Loans issued to associates	2	2
Deposits and certificates of deposit	239	218
Financial assets at fair value recognized in profit and loss		
Deposits	2	1
Total other short-term financial assets	629	633

#### 11. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable include the following:

	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	<b>December 31, 2018</b>
Trade receivables	599	523
Bank loans to customers	128	124
Other accounts receivable	45	51
Total	772	698
Allowance for expected credit losses	(82)	(56)
Total accounts receivable, net of allowance	690	642

No accounts receivable were pledged as collateral for loans and borrowings provided to the Company as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Set out below is the movement in the loss allowance for expected credit losses on accounts receivable:

	As of January 1, 2019	Increase in allowance	Decrease in allowance	As of March 31, 2019
Loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses on trade receivables	37	3	(4)	36
Loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses on trade receivables	_	27	_	27
Allowance for expected credit losses on other accounts receivable	19	6	(6)	19
Total	56	36	(10)	82

Due to the generally high credit quality and short term-nature of trade receivables, the loss allowance for expected credit losses for majority of significant counterparties is determined based on 12-month expected credit losses. The Company has no trade receivables assets of buyers and customers that are credit impaired upon initial recognition.

Loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses was recognized during the period due to occurrence of credit impairment of an asset, which was not credit impaired upon initial recognition.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

#### 12. Inventories

Inventories comprise the following:

	March 31, 2019		
	(unaudited)	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	
Crude oil and gas	114	91	
Petroleum products and petrochemicals	186	205	
Materials and supplies	102	97	
Total inventories	402	393	

Petroleum products and petrochemicals include those designated both for sale and for own use.

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Cost of inventories recognized as an expense during the period	363	274

The cost of inventories recognized as an expense during the period is included in Production and operating expenses, Cost of purchased oil, gas and petroleum products and refining costs and General and administrative expenses in the interim consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### 13. Prepayments and other current assets

Prepayments and other current assets comprise the following:

	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
Value added tax and excise receivable	229	221
Prepayments to suppliers	166	217
- Current portion of long-term prepayments issued	109	148
Settlements with customs	18	41
Profit and other tax payments	33	20
Other	12	11
Total prepayments and other current assets	458	510

Settlements with customs primarily represent export duties related to the export of crude oil and petroleum products (Note 6).

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 14. Property, plant and equipment and construction in progress

	Exploration and production	Refining and distribution	Corporate and other unallocated activities	Total
Cost as of January 1, 2019	9,730	2,327	140	12,197
Depreciation, depletion and impairment losses as of January 1, 2019	(3,164)	(615)	(49)	(3,828)
Net book value as of January 1, 2019	6,566	1,712	91	8,369
Prepayments for property, plant and equipment as of January 1, 2019	9	15	29	53
Total as of January 1, 2019	6,575	1,727	120	8,422
Cost				
Additions	218	19	3	240
Including capitalized expenses on loans and	30	11		41
borrowings Disposals and other movements	(2)	-	(11)	(13)
Foreign exchange differences	(56)	(19)	(1)	( <b>76</b> )
Cost of asset retirement (decommissioning)	, ,	` '	,	, ,
obligations	1			12.249
As of March 31, 2019	9,891	2,327	131	12,349
Depreciation, depletion and impairment losses				
Depreciation and depletion charge	(143)	(25)	(2)	(170)
Disposals and other movements	1		5	6
Impairment of assets (Note 8)	_ 25	(83)	_	(83)
Foreign exchange differences As of March 31, 2019	(3,281)	(721)	(46)	(4.048)
AS 01 March 31, 2019	(3,281)	(721)	(40)	(4,048)
Net book value as of March 31, 2019	6,610	1,606	85	8,301
Prepayments for property, plant and equipment as of March 31, 2019	11	15	28	54
Total as of March 31, 2019	6,621	1,621	113	8,355
*				

Cost, Depreciation, depletion and impairment losses, Net book value as of January 1, 2019 include the effects of the first time adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases* (Note 3).

The depreciation charge for the three months ended March 31, 2019 includes RUB 5 billion of depreciation which was capitalized as part of the construction cost of property, plant and equipment and cost of inventory.

The Company capitalized RUB 41 billion and RUB 33 billion of expenses on loans and borrowings for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The weighted average quarterly rates used to determine the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization were 1.83% and 1.74% for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

#### 15. Other long-term financial assets

Other long-term financial assets comprise the following:

	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	<b>December 31, 2018</b>
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		_
Stocks and shares	18	18
Financial assets at amortized cost		
Bonds	28	28
Loans granted	19	18
Loans issued to associates	34	31
Deposits and certificates of deposit	21	23
Other accounts receivable	11	11
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Deposits	109	110
Total other long-term financial assets	240	239

Bank deposits of the Company are placed in rubles, US dollars and euros at interest rates ranging from 1.5% to 8.75% p.a.

Bonds mainly include federal loan bonds owned by JSCB Peresvet and JSC Russian Regional Development Bank (VBRR).

No long-term financial assets were pledged as collateral as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, no long-term financial assets were received by the Company as collateral.

#### 16. Other non-current non-financial assets

Other non-current non-financial assets comprise the following:

	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
Long-term advances issued Other	171 2	293 2
Total other non-current non-financial assets	173	295

In January 2019 part of the advances issued in 2017 amounting to US\$ 1.8 billion was reclassified as the Company's capital contribution to the joint venture, which operates the oil pipeline in Kurdistan Autonomous Region of Iraq. The total value of the assets transferred as the capital contribution amounted to US\$ 1.9 billion at the contribution date.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 17. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities comprise the following:

March 31, 2019		
(unaudited)	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	
445	452	
422	451	
105	88	
1	1	
56	63	
1,029	1,055	
34	75	
1,063	1,130	
	(unaudited)  445 422 105 1 56 1,029	

Trade and other payables are non-interest bearing.

## 18. Loans and borrowings and other financial liabilities

Loans and borrowings and other financial liabilities comprise the following:

	Currency	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
Long-term		,	
Bank loans	RUB	322	423
Bank loans	US\$, euro	838	921
Bonds	RUB	468	461
Eurobonds	US\$	163	177
Borrowings	RUB	80	77
Other borrowings	RUB	705	704
Other borrowings	US\$	665	691
Less: current portion of long-term loans and borrowings		(389)	(202)
Total long-term loans and borrowings		2,852	3,252
The lease liabilities		124	27
Other long-term financial liabilities		115	139
Less: current portion of long-term lease liabilities		(14)	(5)
Total long-term loans and borrowings and other			
financial liabilities		3,077	3,413
Short-term			
Bank loans	RUB	178	326
Bank loans	US\$, euro	19	16
Other borrowings	RUB	_	209
Other borrowings	US\$	10	25
Current portion of long-term loans and borrowings		389	202
Total short-term loans and borrowings and current			
portion of long-term loans and borrowings		596	778
Current portion of long-term lease liabilities		14	5
Other short-term financial liabilities		157	162
Short-term liabilities related to derivative financial			
instruments			33
Total short-term loans and borrowings and other financial liabilities		767	978
Total loans and borrowings and other financial liabilities		3,844	4,391

# Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 18. Loans and borrowings and other financial liabilities (continued)

#### Long-term loans and borrowings

Long-term bank loans from a foreign bank to finance special-purpose business activities denominated in U.S. dollars are partially secured by oil export contracts. If the Company fails to make timely debt repayments, the terms of such contracts normally provide the lender with the express right of claim to contractual revenue in the amount of the late loan repayments, which the purchaser generally remits directly through transit currency accounts with the lender banks. The outstanding balance of Accounts receivable arising from such contracts amounts to RUB 28 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, and is included in Trade receivables of purchasers and customers.

In the first quarter of 2019 the Company raised funds through the placement of documentary non-convertible fixed interest-bearing long-term bonds with a nominal amount of RUB 5 billion and maturity period of 5 years. Coupon payments will be made on a quarterly basis at 8.85% p.a. Bonds allow early repurchase at the request of the bond holder, as set out in the respective offering documents. Such purchase/repayment of the bonds does not constitute early redemption.

In the first quarter of 2019 the Company continued to settle other long-term borrowings under repurchasing agreement operations and entered into new transactions. As of March 31, 2019, the liabilities of the Company under those transactions amounted to the equivalent of RUB 1,370 billion at the CBR official exchange rate as of March 31, 2019. The Company's own corporate bonds were used as an instrument for those transactions.

The Company is obliged to comply with a number of restrictive financial and other covenants contained in several of its loan agreements. Such covenants include maintaining certain financial ratios.

As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 the Company was in compliance with all restrictive financial and other covenants contained in its loan agreements.

#### **Short-term loans and borrowings**

In the first quarter of 2019 the Company drew down funds under short-term fixed and float rates loans from Russian and foreign banks.

In the first quarter of 2019 the Company continued to meet its obligations in relation to other short-term floating and fixed rate borrowings under repurchasing agreement operations and had entered into new long-term and short-term transactions. As of March 31, 2019 the liabilities of the Company under those transactions amounted to the equivalent of RUB 10 billion (at the CBR official exchange rate as of March 31, 2019). Own corporate bonds were used as an instrument for those transactions.

In the first quarter of 2019 the Company was current on all payments under loan agreements and interest payments.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 18. Loans and borrowings and other financial liabilities (continued)

## Liabilities related to derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments comprise the following:

			Nominal amount as of		Fair value of	f the liabilities	
	Issue	Expiry		31, 2019 (dited)	Interest	March 31, 2019	December 31,
	date	date	US\$ million	RUB billion*	rate type	(unaudited)	2018
Swaps	2014	2019			floating	_	33
Total				_		_	33

<sup>\*</sup> The equivalent nominal amount at the CBR official exchange rate as of March 31, 2019.

## 19. Other current tax liabilities

Other current tax liabilities comprise the following:

	March 31, 2019	
	(unaudited)	<b>December 31, 2018</b>
Mineral extraction tax	198	163
VAT	130	121
Excise duties	33	27
Property tax	10	10
Additional income tax for hydrocarbon producers	16	_
Personal income tax	3	3
Other	3	3
Total other tax liabilities	393	327

#### 20. Provisions

	Asset retirement obligations	Environmental remediation provision	Legal, tax and other claims	Total
As of January 1, 2019, including	213	44	30	287
Non-current	207	29	8	244
Current	6	15	22	43
Provisions charged during the year Increase/(decrease) in the liability resulting from:	1	1	2	4
Changes in estimates	_	_	(2)	(2)
Changes in the discount rate	_	_	_	_
Foreign exchange differences	(4)	-	(1)	(5)
Unwinding of discount	4	1	_	5
Utilization	_	(1)	(1)	(2)
As of March 31, 2019 (unaudited), including	214	45	28	287
Non-current Current	209 5	30 15	7 21	246 41

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 21. Prepayment on long-term oil and petroleum products supply agreements

During 2013-2014 the Company entered into a number of long-term crude oil and petroleum products supply contracts which involve the receipt of prepayment. The total minimum delivery volume approximates 400 million tonnes. The crude oil and petroleum product prices are calculated based on current market prices. The prepayment is settled through physical deliveries of crude oil and petroleum products.

Deliveries of oil and petroleum products that reduce the prepayment amounts commenced in 2015. The Company considers these contracts to be regular-way contracts which were entered into for the purpose of the delivery of a non-financial item in accordance with the Company's expected sale requirements.

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
As of January 1	1,426	1,586
Received Reimbursed	- ( <b>92</b> )	(52)
Total prepayment on long-term oil and petroleum products supply agreements	1,334	1,534
Less current portion	(353)	(304)
As of March 31	981	1,230

The off-set of prepayments, made during the first quarter of 2019 and 2018, amounted to RUB 92 billion and RUB 52 billion (US\$ 1.9 billion and US\$ 1.49 billion at the CBR official exchange rate at the prepayment dates, the prepayments are not revalued at each balance sheet date), respectively.

#### 22. Cash flow hedging of the Company's future exports

The Company designated certain U.S. dollar-denominated borrowings as a hedge of the expected highly probable U.S. dollar denominated export revenue stream in accordance with IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*.

A portion of future monthly export revenues expected to be received in U.S. dollars was designated as a hedged item. The nominal amounts of the hedged item and the hedging instruments were equal. To the extent that a change in the foreign currency rate impacts the fair value of the hedging instrument, the effects are recognized in other comprehensive income or loss and then reclassified to profit or loss in the period in which the hedged item affects the profit or loss.

The Company's foreign currency risk management strategy is to hedge future export revenue in the amount of the net monetary position in U.S. dollars. The Company aligns the hedged nominal amount to the net monetary position in U.S. dollars on a periodical basis. As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 hedge instruments are not designated.

# Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 22. Cash flow hedging of the Company's future exports (continued)

The impact of foreign exchange cash flow hedges recognized in other comprehensive income is set out below:

	Before income tax	Income tax	Net of tax
Total recognized in other comprehensive (loss)/income as of December 31, 2018	(144)	29	(115)
Foreign exchange effects recognized during the period	_	_	_
Foreign exchange effects reclassified to profit or loss	36	(7)	29
Total recognized in other comprehensive income/(loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	36	(7)	29
Total recognized in other comprehensive (loss)/income as of March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	(108)	22	(86)

The schedule of expected reclassification of accumulated foreign exchange loss from other comprehensive income to profit or loss, as of March 31, 2019, is presented below:

Year	2019	2020	2021	Total
Reclassification	(110)	2	_	(108)
Income tax	22	_	_	22
Total, net of tax	(88)	2	_	(86)

#### 23. Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities is determined as follows:

- The fair value of financial assets and liabilities quoted on active liquid markets is determined in accordance with market prices;
- The fair value of other financial assets and liabilities is determined in accordance with generally
  accepted models and is based on discounted cash flow analysis that relies on prices used for existing
  transactions in the current market;
- The fair value of derivative financial instruments is based on market quotes. In illiquid and highly volatile markets fair value is determined on the basis of valuation models that rely on assumptions confirmed by observable market prices or rates as of the reporting date.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

#### 23. Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

Assets and liabilities of the Company that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis in accordance with the fair value hierarchy are presented in the table below.

Fair value measurement as of March 31, 201	9
(unaudited)	

	(unaudited)			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				_
Current assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	39	346	_	385
Financial assets at fair value recognized in profit and loss	_	2	_	2
Non-current assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	_	18	_	18
Financial assets at fair value recognized in profit and loss		109	_	109
Total assets measured at fair value	39	475	_	514
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments		_		
Total liabilities measured at fair value				

The fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments included in Level 2 is measured at the present value of future estimated cash flows, using inputs such as market interest rates and market quotes of forward exchange rates.

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents and derivative financial instruments recognized in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements equals their fair value. The carrying value of accounts receivable and accounts payable, loans issued, other financial assets, the lease liability and other financial liabilities recognized in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements approximates their fair value.

There were no transfers of financial liabilities between Level 1 and Level 2 during the reporting period.

	Carryi	ng value	Fair valu	e (Level 2)
	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:				
Loans and borrowings with a variable interest				
rate	(2,339)	(2,669)	(2,277)	(2,614)
Loans and borrowings with a fixed interest				
rate	(1,109)	(1,361)	(1,067)	(1,316)

# Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 24. Related party transactions

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 the Company entered into transactions with shareholders and companies controlled by shareholders (including enterprises directly or indirectly controlled by the Russian Government and the BP Group), associates and joint ventures, key management and pension funds.

Related parties may enter into transactions which unrelated parties might not, and transactions between related parties may not be effected on the same terms as transactions between unrelated parties.

The disclosure of related party transactions is presented on an aggregate basis for shareholders and companies controlled by shareholders, joint ventures and associates, and non-state pension funds. In addition, there may be additional disclosures of certain significant transactions (balances and turnovers) with certain related parties.

In the course of its ordinary business, the Company enters into transactions with other companies controlled by the Russian Government. In the Russian Federation, electricity and transport tariffs are regulated by the Federal Antimonopoly Service, an authorized governmental agency of the Russian Federation. Bank loans are recorded based on market interest rates. Taxes are accrued and paid in accordance with applicable tax law. The Company sells crude oil and petroleum products to related parties in the ordinary course of business at prices close to average market prices.

#### Transactions with shareholders and companies controlled by shareholders

#### Revenues and income

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Oil, gas, petroleum products and petrochemicals sales	138	199
Support services and other revenues	2	4
Finance income	7	7
	147	210

#### Costs and expenses

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Production and operating expenses	4	2
Cost of purchased oil, gas, petroleum products and refining costs	68	16
Pipeline tariffs and transportation costs	126	125
Other expenses	6	5
Finance expenses	5	2
	209	150

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 24. Related party transactions (continued)

Transactions with shareholders and companies controlled by shareholders (continued)

## Other operations

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Loans received	10	17
Loans repaid	(166)	(11)
Loans and borrowings issued	(9)	_
Repayment of loans and borrowings issued	9	2
Deposits placed	(34)	(2)
Deposits repaid	1	_

#### Settlement balances

	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	59	498
Accounts receivable	43	77
Prepayments and other current assets	55	65
Other financial assets	360	325
	517	965
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	36	47
Loans and borrowings and other financial liabilities	690	904
	726	951

## **Transactions with joint ventures**

Crude oil is purchased from joint ventures at Russian domestic market prices.

## Revenues and income

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Oil, gas, petroleum products and petrochemicals sales	3	2
Support services and other revenues	1	1
Finance income	1	1
	5	4

# Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 24. Related party transactions (continued)

## **Transactions with joint ventures (continued)**

## Costs and expenses

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Production and operating expenses	1	1
Cost of purchased oil, gas, petroleum products and refining costs	78	54
Pipeline tariffs and transportation costs	2	2
Other expenses	1	1
Finance expenses	1	
	83	58

## Other operations

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Loans and borrowings issued Repayment of loans and borrowings issued	(1)	- 11

## Settlement balances

	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
Assets Accounts receivable	3	3
Other financial assets	14	17
	17	20
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Loans and borrowings and other financial liabilities	153 20	141 30
	173	171

# Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 24. Related party transactions (continued)

## **Transactions with associates**

## Revenues and income

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Oil, gas, petroleum products and petrochemicals sales	71	65
Finance income	1	
	72	65

## Costs and expenses

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Production and operating expenses	3	2
Cost of purchased oil, gas, petroleum products and refining costs	11	4
Other expenses	5	3
	19	9

## Other operations

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Loans and borrowings issued	(2)	(10)
Repayment of loans and borrowings issued	16	26

## Settlement balances

	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
Assets		<u>,                                      </u>
Accounts receivable	20	26
Prepayments and other current assets	10	13
Other financial assets	41	57
	71	96
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12	16
Loans and borrowings and other financial liabilities	213	239
	225	255

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

## 24. Related party transactions (continued)

#### Transactions with non-state pension funds

#### Costs and expenses

	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Other expenses	1	1
Other operations		
	Three months ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	Three months ended March 31, 2018 (unaudited)
Loans received	3	1
Repayment of loans and borrowings issued	(5)	_
Settlement balances		
	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1	4
Loans and borrowings and other financial liabilities	1	3
	2	7

## 25. Contingencies

#### Russian business environment

Russia continues economic reforms and the development of its legal, tax and regulatory frameworks as required by a market economy. The future stability of the Russian economy is largely dependent upon these reforms and developments and the effectiveness of economic, financial and monetary measures undertaken by the government.

The Russian economy has been negatively impacted by sanctions imposed on Russia by a number of countries. Ruble interest rates remained high. The combination of the above has resulted in reduced access to capital, a higher cost of capital and uncertainty regarding economic growth, which could negatively affect the Company's future financial position, results of operations and business prospects. Management is taking appropriate measures to support the sustainability of the Company's business in the current circumstances.

The Company also has investments in associates and joint ventures and advances issued to contractors operating in foreign jurisdictions. Besides commercial risks being a part of any investment operation, assets in a number of regions of the Company's activities also bear political, economic and tax risks which are analyzed by the Company on a regular basis.

# Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

#### 25. Contingencies (continued)

#### **Russian business environment (continued)**

The Company continuously monitors projects in Venezuela realized with its participation. Commercial relations with the Venezuelan state oil company PDVSA are carried out on the basis of existing contracts and in accordance with applicable international and local legislation.

#### Legal claims

Rosneft and its subsidiaries are involved in litigations which arise from time to time in the course of their business activities. Management believes that the ultimate results of these litigations will not materially affect the performance or financial position of the Company.

#### **Taxation**

Legislation and regulations regarding taxation in Russia continue to evolve. Various legislative acts and regulations are not always clearly written, and their interpretation is subject to the opinions of the taxpayers, and local, regional, and national tax authorities, and the Ministry of Finance of the Russian Federation. Instances of inconsistent opinions are not unusual.

In Russia, tax returns remain open and subject to inspection for a period of up to three years. The fact that a year has been reviewed does not close that year, or any tax return applicable to that year, from further review during the period of three calendar years preceding the year when the inspection started.

In accordance with Russian tax legislation, if an understatement of a tax liability is detected as a result of an inspection, penalties and fines to be paid might be material in respect of the tax liability misstatement.

During the reporting period, the tax authorities continued their inspections of Rosneft and some of its subsidiaries for 2015-2017. The Company's management does not expect the outcome of the inspections to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated balance sheet or results of operations.

As part of the new regime for fiscal control over the pricing of related party transactions, the Company and the Federal Tax Service signed a number of pricing agreements in 2012-2018 with respect to the taxation of oil sales transactions in Russia.

The Company believes that transfer pricing risks in relation to intragroup transactions during the three months ended March 30, 2019 and earlier will not have a material effect on its financial position or results of operations.

In 2012 the Company has created a consolidated group of taxpayers (hereinafter "CGT") which includes Rosneft and its 21 subsidiaries. Rosneft became the responsible taxpayer of the CGT. At present, under the terms of the agreement the number of members of the consolidated group of taxpayers has been 64.

The Company follows the rules of tax legislation on de-offshorization, including income tax rules for controlled foreign companies to calculate its current and deferred income tax estimates.

Overall, management believes that the Company has paid and accrued all taxes that are applicable. For taxes where uncertainty exists, the Company has accrued tax liabilities based on management's best estimate of the probable outflow of resources that will be required to settle these liabilities.

# Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (continued)

#### 25. Contingencies (continued)

#### **Capital commitments**

The Company and its subsidiaries are engaged in ongoing capital projects for the exploration and development of production facilities and the modernization of refineries and the distribution network. The budgets for these projects are generally set on an annual basis.

The total amount of contracted but not yet delivered goods and services related to the construction and acquisition of property, plant and equipment amounted to RUB 770 billion and RUB 758 billion as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

#### **Environmental liabilities**

The Company periodically evaluates its environmental liabilities pursuant to environmental regulations. Such liabilities are recognized in the consolidated financial statements as and when identified. Potential liabilities, that could arise as a result of changes in existing regulations or the settlement of civil litigation, or as a result of changes in environmental standards, cannot be reliably estimated but may be material. With the existing system of control, management believes that there are no material liabilities for environmental damage other than those recorded in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## **Contact information**

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